

ADVANCES IN ALTERNATIVE CEMENTITIOUS BINDERS

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Acknowledgements

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Participants of the International Summit on Cement Hydration Kinetics and Modeling*

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* The International Summit on Cement Hydration Kinetics and Modeling was held on July 27, 28 and 29, 2009 at Laval University, Quebec, Quebec City, Canada.

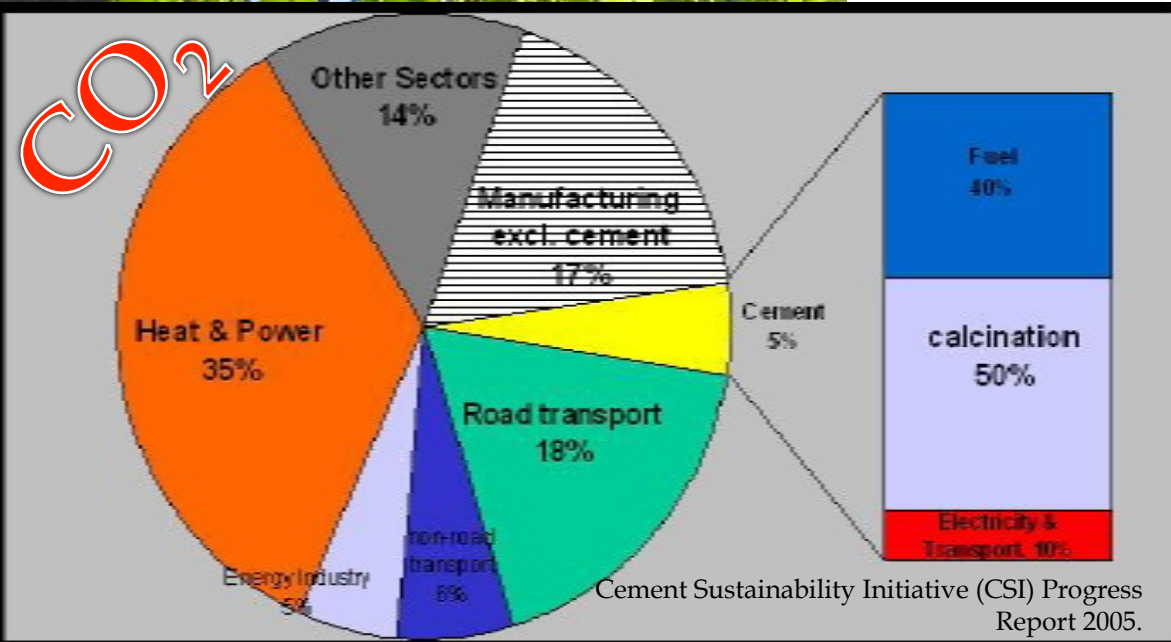
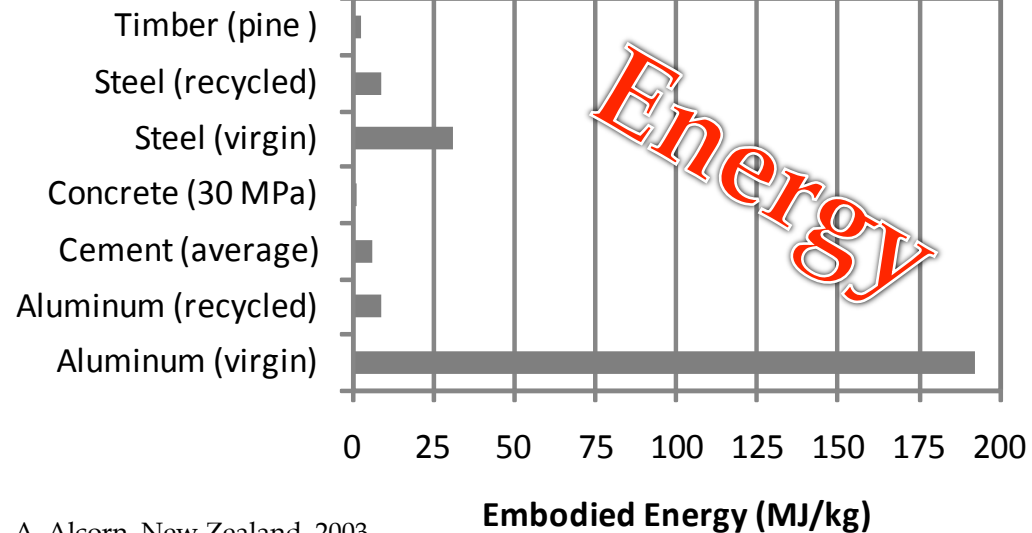
Roadmap 2030

identified 17 sub-topics

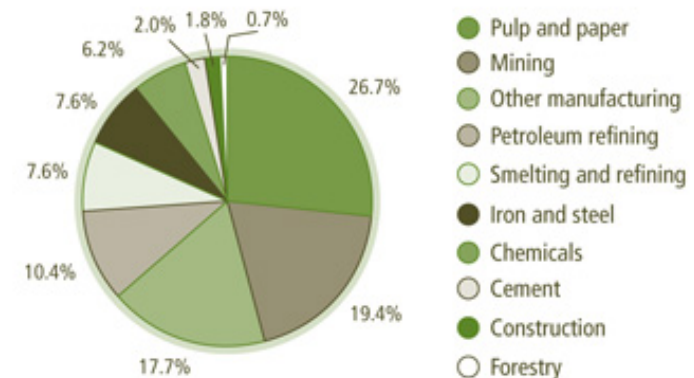
- ❑ **Design and Structural System**
 - Structural concrete
 - Reinforced concrete
 - Modeling and measurement
 - High-performance concrete
 - Technology transfer
 - Fire-, blast-, and earthquake-resistant
 - Cross-cutting innovations
- ❑ **Constituent Materials**
 - **New materials**
 - Performance measurement and prediction
 - Reuse and recycling
- ❑ **Concrete Production, Delivery and Placement**
 - Information and control
 - Production, Delivery, and Placement
 - Test methods and sensors
 - Energy and environment
- ❑ **Repair and Rehabilitation**
 - **New repair materials**
 - Assessment tools and modeling/measurement techniques
 - Repair field process technologies

Why new materials?

Environmental motivations



Industrial Energy Use by Sub-Sector – Including Electricity Related Emissions,* 2004



*Note: The above sub-sectors reflect the current definitions in the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada. "Other manufacturing" comprises more than 20 manufacturing industries.

NRC (Canada)

Why new materials?

Performance considerations

- Rapid repair
- Acid resistance
- Sulfate resistance



Challenges

Portland cement has a long history

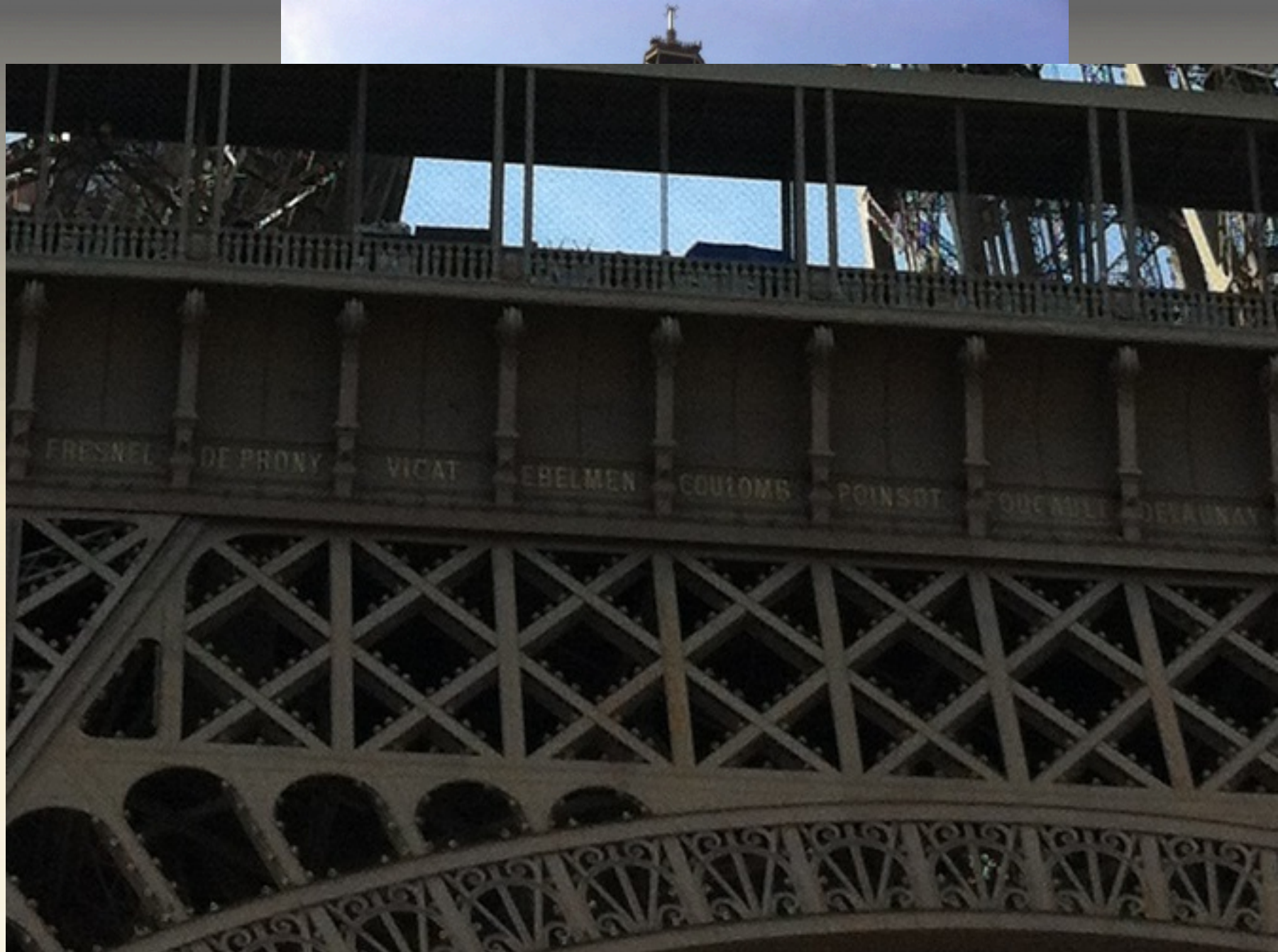
- 250 years and we still have so many unanswered questions

How can we get up to speed quickly with new materials?



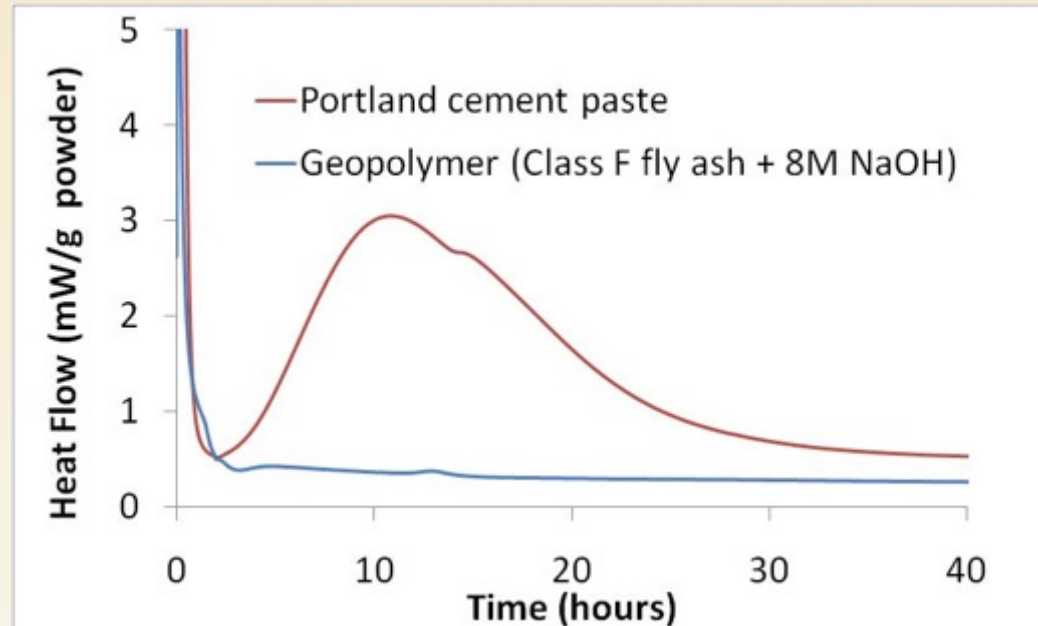
Images from PCA and various websites





Borrow from Portland Cement

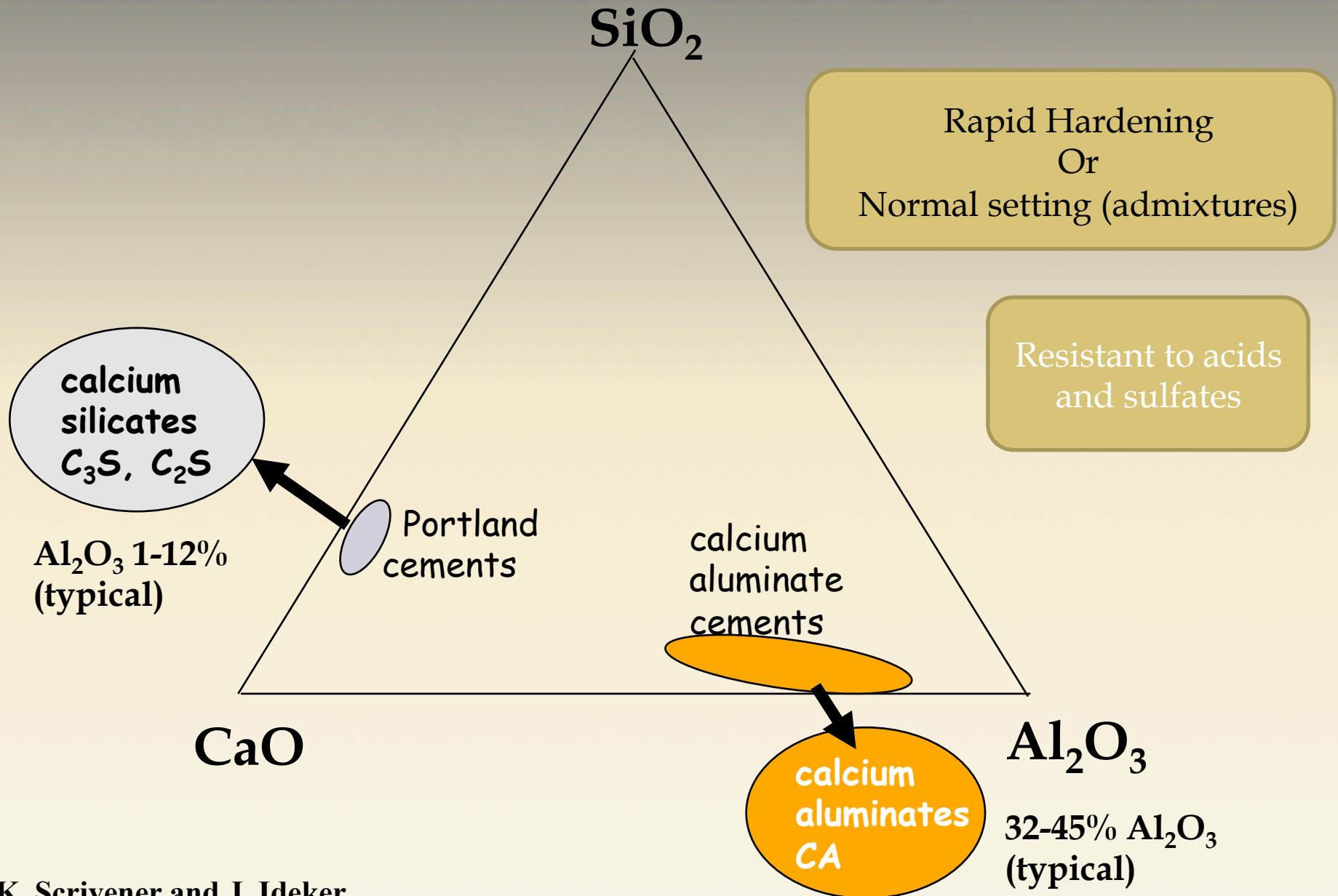
- ▣ We can often apply the same tools used to analyze portland cement to the new materials
 - Experimental analysis techniques
 - Kinetic models
- ▣ Doesn't always work...



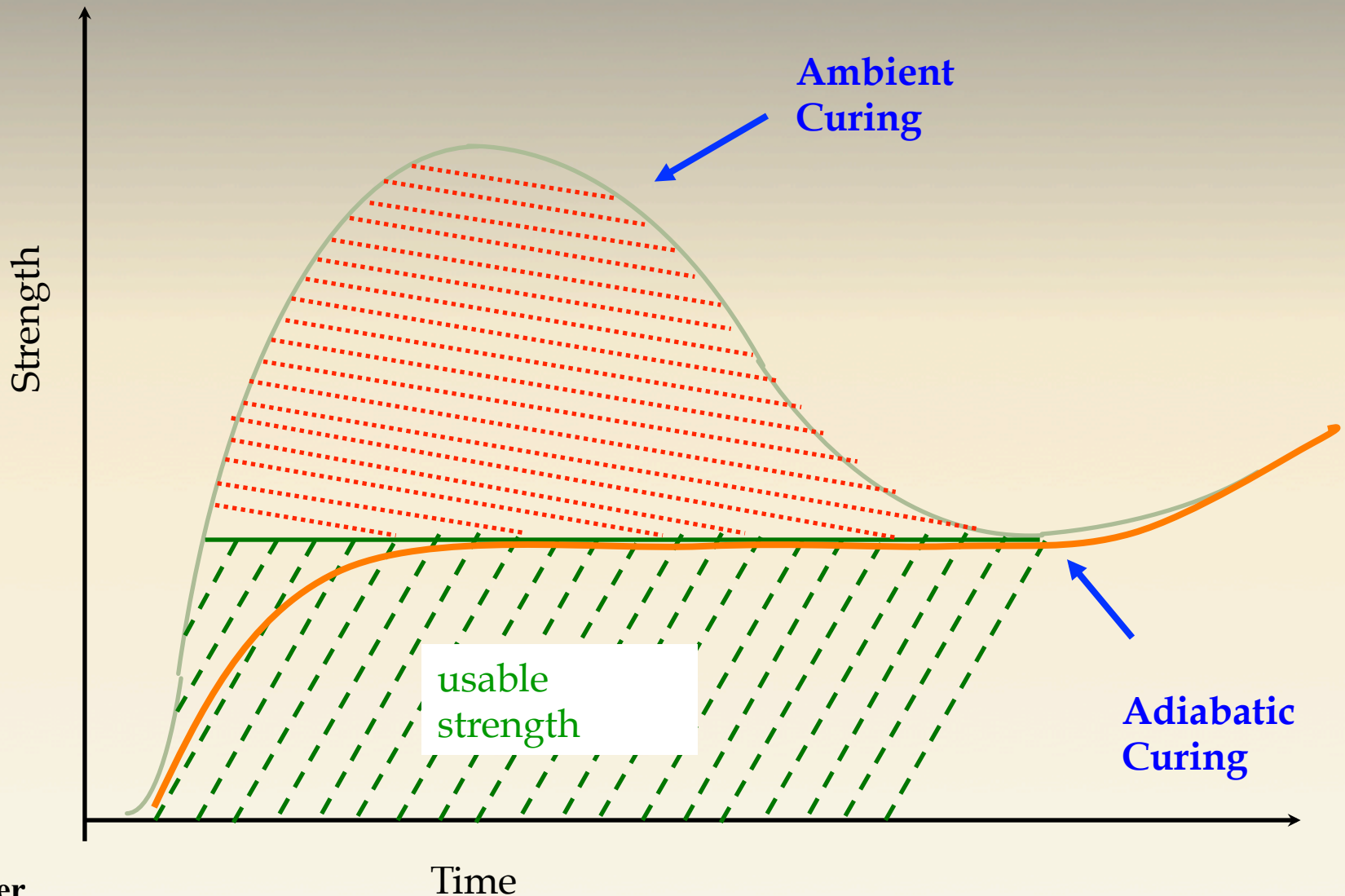
“New” Cements

- ▣ Calcium aluminate cements
- ▣ Calcium sulfoaluminate cements
- ▣ Super-sulfated cements
- ▣ Alkali-activated binders

Calcium Aluminate Cement



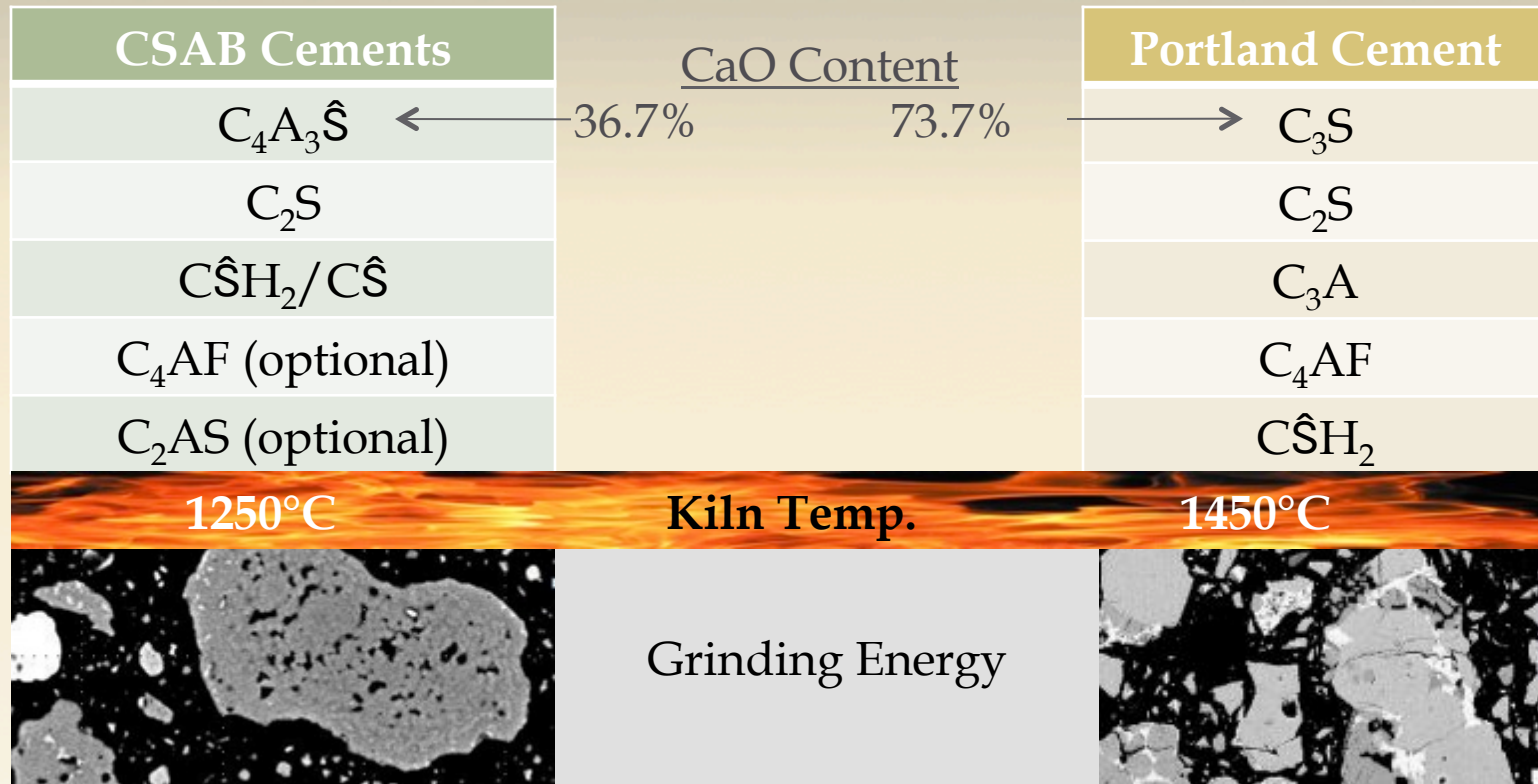
Calcium Aluminate Cements



Calcium Aluminate Cements

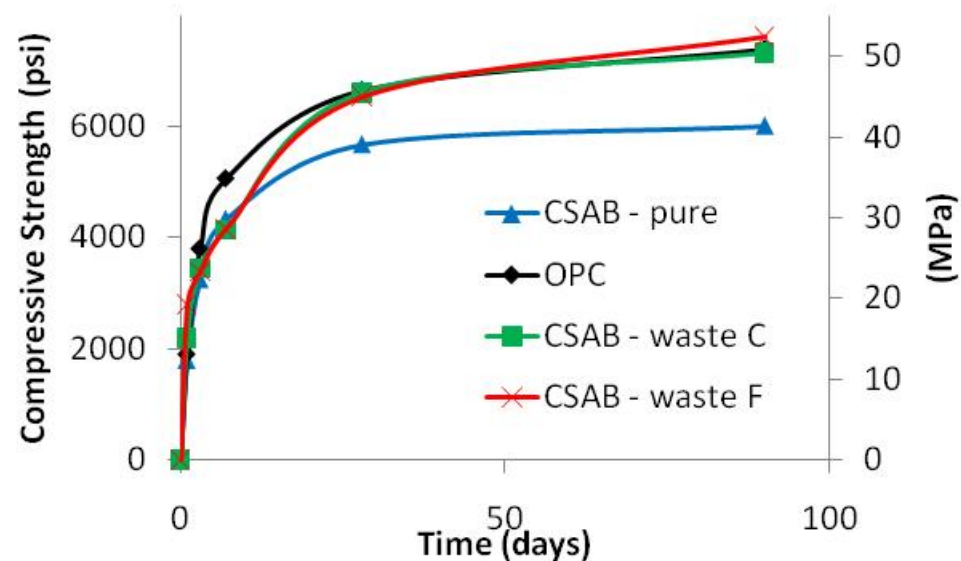
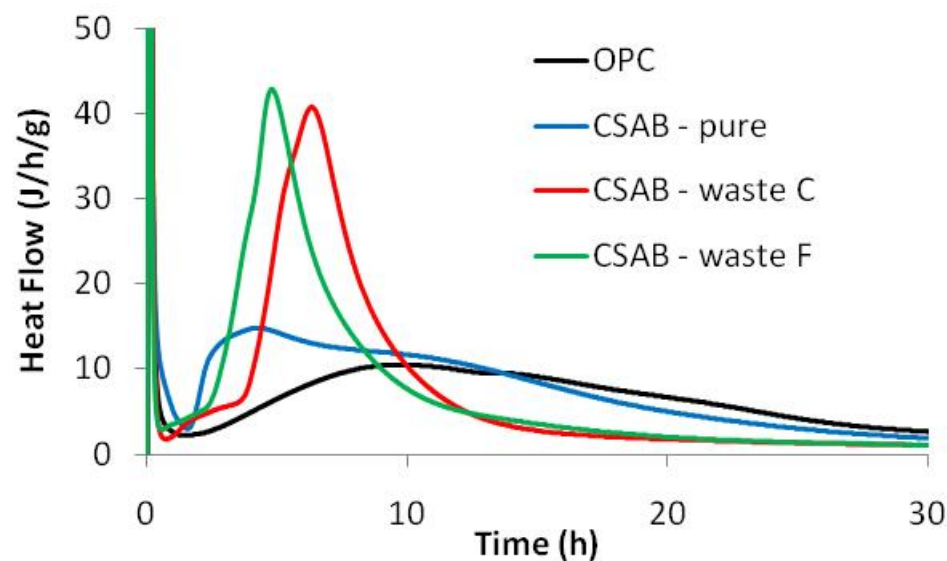
- ▣ Portland cement analysis methods apply
- ▣ Very similar questions to portland cement:
 - Mechanical property development with admixtures used to control setting and strength
 - Dimensional stability
 - Interactions with supplementary cementitious materials
- ▣ Challenges:
 - Predictable performance
 - Cost!

Calcium Sulfoaluminate Belite Cement



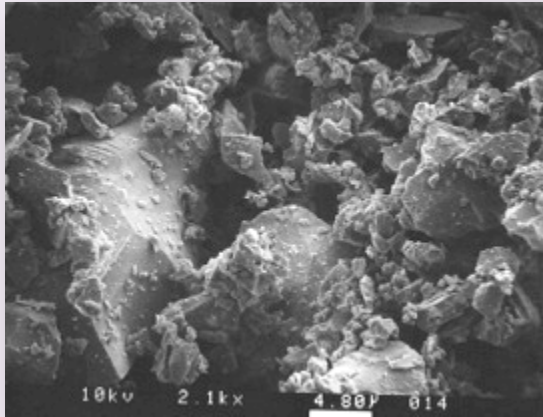
CSAB Cement

- Portland cement analysis methods apply
- Challenges
 - No standard compositions
 - Dimensional stability
 - Durability



Supersulfated Cements

Slag (70-90%)



High CaO, MgO, and Al_2O_3 content (~14%)

Calcium sulfate (10-20%)



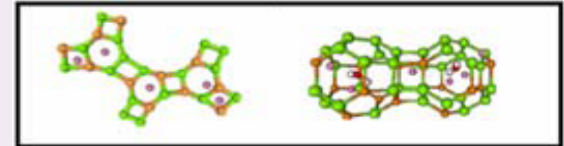
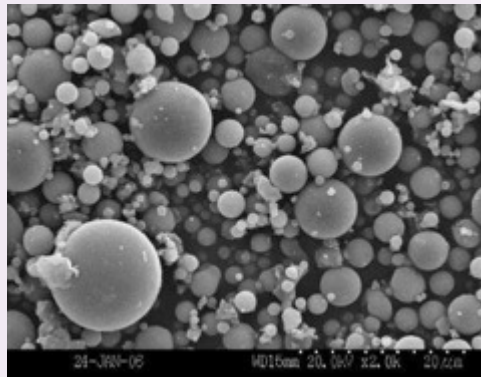
Alkali source (<5%)



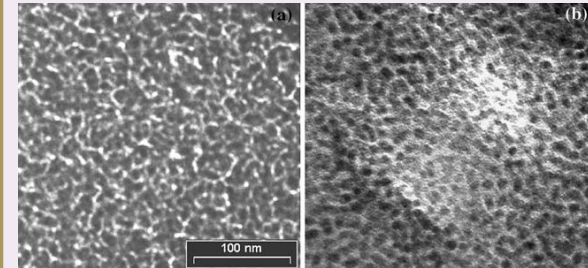
Supersulfated Cements

- ▣ Portland cement analysis methods apply
- ▣ Challenges
 - Slow strength gain
 - Understanding sensitivity to composition
 - Carbonation

Alkali-Activated Binders



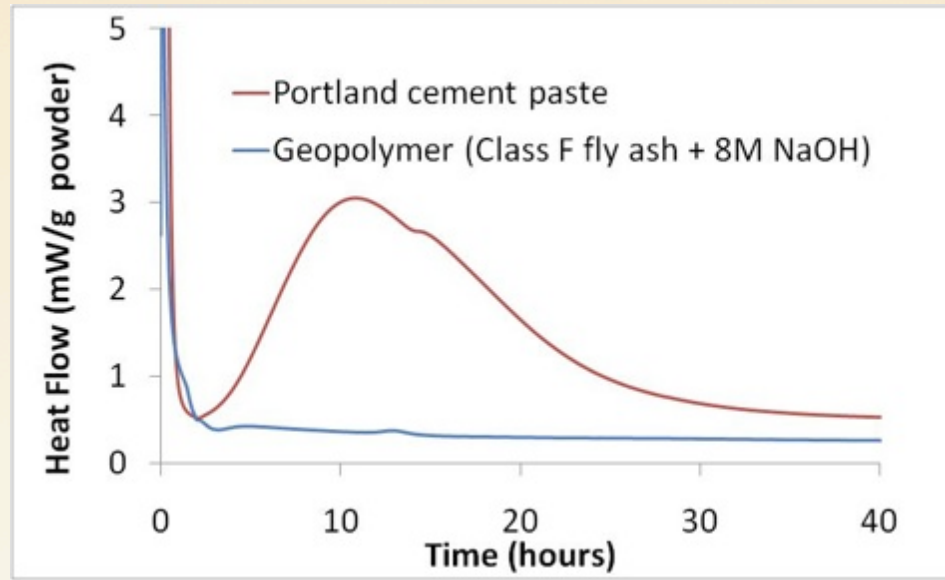
Examples of Inorganic Polymer Network Structures (where the pink/red atoms are aluminum and silicon, green are oxygen, and purple are alkali cations (from Duxson *et al.* 2007)



TEM brightfield images of IP binders made from metakaolin (a) and fly ash (b) (from Duxson *et al.* 2007)

Alkali-Activated Binders

- ▣ Portland cement analysis methods do not all directly apply
- ▣ Challenges
 - Raw materials and proportioning
 - Performance predictability
 - Curing control
 - Durability
 - Admixtures for workability



Summary

- ▣ There are many portland cement alternatives
- ▣ None are positioned to take over significant market share in the very near future
- ▣ Although benefits stand to be gained in environmental impacts and/or durability...
- ▣ Significant work remains to understand:
 - Raw material selection for maximum performance and minimum cost
 - Binder composition-performance relationships
 - Reaction mechanisms and admixture effects
 - Long term volume stability and durability